

Amendments to the Claims

1. (currently amended) ~~Use of at least one inhibitor of at least one ABC-transporter capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer, for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of~~
5 ~~A method of treating~~ a disease which is associated with an excess transport of hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer, comprising:
administering a pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one inhibitor of at least one ABC transporter capable of transporting
10 hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer.
2. (currently amended) The ~~use~~method of claim 1, wherein said inhibitor(s) specifically reduce(s)s the transport of hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer mediated by at least one of said ABC-transporter(s).
3. (currently amended) The ~~use~~method of claims 1-~~or~~ 2, wherein said ABC-transporter(s) is(are) a mammalian ABC-transporter(s).
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4. (currently amended) The ~~use~~method of ~~any one of~~ claims 1-~~to~~ 3, wherein said ABC-transporter(s) is(are) a human ABC-transporter(s).
5. (currently amended) The ~~use~~method of ~~any one of~~ claims 1-~~to~~ 4, wherein said human ABC-transporter(s) is(are) a member of the subfamily
20 selected from the group consisting of the human ABCB (MDR)-subfamily, the ABCA subfamily and/~~or~~ the human ABC-C (MRP)-subfamily.
6. (currently amended) The ~~use~~method of ~~any one of~~ claims 1-~~to~~ 5, wherein said ABC-transporter(s) is(are) comprised in a chondrocyte cell, preferably a human chondrocyte cell.
- 25 7. (currently amended) The ~~use~~method of ~~any one of~~ claims 1-~~to~~ 6, wherein said inhibitor(s) is(are) selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) an inhibitor of a member of the ABCB (MDR)-subfamily selected from Verapamil, Valspodar (PSC833), Elacridar (GF-120918), Bericodar (VX-710), Tariquidar (XR-9576), XR-9051, S-9788, LY-
30 335979, MS 209, R101933; OC-144-093; Quinidine, Chloripramine,

5 Nicardipine, Nifedipine, Amlodipine, Felodipine, Manidipine, Flunarizine, Nimodipine, Pimozide, Lomerizine, Bepridil, Amiloride, Almitrine, Amiodarone, Imipramine, Clomiphene, Tamoxifen, Toremifene, Ketocanazole, Terfenadine, Chloroquine, Mepacrin, Diltiazem, Niguldipine, Prenylamine, Gallopamil, Tiapamil, Dex-Verapamil, Dipyridamole, Pimozide, Haloperidol, Chlorpromazine, Trifluoperazine, Fluphenazine, Reserpin, Clopenthixol, Flupentixol, N-acetyldaunorubicin, Vindoline, N2762-14, N276-14, N276-17, B9309-068, BIBW-22, Carvedilol, Clofazimine, Ketoconazole, 10 Lovastatin, N-Norgallopamil, Simvastatin, Troleandomycin, Vinblastin, Itraconazole, Econazole, Oligomycine, Cyclosporin and Rapamycin; and/or

15 (b) an inhibitor of a member of the ABCA subfamily selected from Glyburide, DIDS (4,4-diisothiocyanatostilbene-2,2-disulfonic acid), Bumetanide, Furosemide, Sulfobromophthalein, Diphenylamine-2-carboxylic acid and Flufenamic acid; and/or

20 (c) an inhibitor of a member of the human ABC-C (MRP)-subfamily selected from MK-571, Benzbromaron, PAK-104P, Probenecid, Sulfinpyrazone, Indomethacin, Merthiolate and Ethacrynic acid; and/or

(d) {an} antibody{ies} or functional fragments thereof which is{are} specifically recognizing one or more ABC-transporter{s} capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer; and/or

25 (e) {an} antisense oligomere{s}, iRNA and/or siRNA directed against one or more ABC-transporter{s} capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer; and/or

(f) {an} aptamer{s} directed against one or more ABC-transporter{s} capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer.

30 8. (currently amended) The ~~use of any one method~~ of claims 1 to 7, wherein said disease which is associated with an excess transport of hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer is arthritis.

9. (currently amended) The ~~use~~method of claim 8, wherein said arthritis is characterized by at least one of a degeneration and/or a destruction of cartilage.
10. (currently amended) The ~~use of any one~~method of claims 8-~~or~~ 9, wherein
5 said arthritis is selected from the group consisting of osteoarthritis, (juvenile) chronic arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, psoriatic arthritis, *A. mutilans*, septic arthritis, infectious arthritis and/or reactive arthritis.
11. (currently amended) The ~~use of any one~~method of claims 1-~~to~~ 10, wherein said inhibitor(s) is(are) ~~to be~~ administered prophylactically.
- 10 12. (currently amended) The ~~use of any one~~method of claims 1-~~to~~ 10, wherein said inhibitor(s) is(are) ~~to be~~ administered therapeutically.
13. (original) A method of screening for a compound which is suitable for the treatment of a disease which is associated with an excess transport of hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer said method comprising:
- 15 (a) contacting an isolated lipid bilayer comprising at least one ABC-transporter which is capable of transporting hyaluronan with a test compound and an indicator compound;
- (b) measuring the effect of the test compound on the transport of the indicator compound across the lipid bilayer; and
- 20 (c) identifying test compounds which reduce the transport of the indicator compound.
14. (currently amended) A method of screening for a compound which reduces the transport of hyaluronan mediated by ~~(an)~~at least one ABC-transporter(s), said method comprising:
- 25 (a) contacting an isolated lipid bilayer comprising at least one ABC-transporter which is capable of transporting hyaluronan with a test compound and an indicator compound;
- (b) measuring the effect of the test compound on the transport of the indicator compound across the lipid bilayer; and

- (c) identifying test compounds which reduce the transport of the indicator compound.
15. (original) A method of screening for a compound which is suitable for the treatment of a disease which is associated with an excess transport of hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer said method comprising:
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- (a) contacting a cell comprising at least one ABC-transporter which is capable of transporting hyaluronan with a test compound and an indicator compound;
- (b) measuring the effect of the test compound on the transport of the indicator compound across a lipid bilayer of the cell; and
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- (c) identifying compounds which reduce the transport of the indicator compound.
16. (currently amended) A method of screening for a compound which reduces the transport of hyaluronan mediated by ~~(an)~~at least one ABC-transporter~~(s)~~, said method comprising:
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- (a) contacting a cell comprising at least one ABC-transporter which is capable of transporting hyaluronan with a test compound and an indicator compound;
- (b) measuring the effect of the test compound on the transport of the indicator compound across a lipid bilayer of the cell; and
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- (c) identifying compounds which reduce the transport of the indicator compound.
17. (currently amended) The method of ~~any one claim 13 to 16 of~~comprising screening for a compound which specifically reduces the transport of hyaluronan mediated by said ABC-transporter.
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18. (currently amended) The method of ~~any one of claims 15 to 17,~~ wherein the cell is a bacterial, an insect, a fungal or an animal cell.
19. (original) The method of claim 18, wherein said animal cell is a mammalian cell or a mammalian cell line.

20. (original) The method of claim 19, wherein said mammalian cell or mammalian cell line is derived from human, horse, swine, goat, cattle, mouse or rat.
- 5 21. (currently amended) The method of claim 19 ~~or 20~~, wherein the cell or cell line is a chondrocyte, a fibroblast, a synovial cell, an endothelial cell, a macrophage, a tumour cell, a smooth muscle cell, a melanoma cell or a mesothelioma cell.
22. (original) The method of claim 21, wherein said cell is comprised in a tissue.
- 10 23. (original) The method of claim 22, wherein said tissue is cartilage tissue.
24. (currently amended) The method ~~of any one of~~ claims 19 ~~to 23~~, wherein said cell or said tissue is derived from a mammalian subject preferably a human subject which suffers from a disease which is associated with an excess transport of hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer, ~~e.g. arthritis~~.
- 15 25. (currently amended) The method of ~~any one of~~ claims 19 ~~to 23~~, wherein the cell comprises at least one heterologous ABC-transporter.
26. (currently amended) The method ~~of any one of~~ claims 19 ~~to 25~~, wherein said cell and/or said tissue is comprised in a non-human animal.
- 20 27. (currently amended) The method of ~~any one of~~ claims 15 ~~to 25~~ which is *ex vivo*.
28. (original) A method of screening for a compound which is suitable for the treatment of a disease which is associated with an excess transport of hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer said method comprising:
- 25 (a) contacting a cell derived from said subject which comprises at least one ABC-transporter with a test compound to be tested;
- (b) measuring the effect of the test compound on the transport of an indicator compound across a lipid bilayer of said cell; and
- (c) identifying compounds which reduce the transport of hyaluronan across the lipid bilayer of said cell.

29. (original) The method of claim 28, wherein said cell is comprised in a tissue.

30. (currently amended) The method of ~~any one of claims 28 to 29~~, wherein said cell is a chondrocyte.

5 31. (currently amended) The method of ~~any one of claims 28 to 30~~, wherein said subject is a mammalian subject.

32. (currently amended) The method of claim 31, wherein said mammalian subject is selected from a human, a horse, a camel, a dog, a cat, a pig, a cow ~~or~~ and a goat.

10 33. (currently amended) The method of any one of claims 28 to 32, wherein said cell is contacted with a compound selected from the group consisting of:

15 (a) an inhibitor of a member of the ABCB (MDR)-subfamily selected from Verapamil, Valspodar (PSC833), Elacridar (GF-120918), Bericodar (VX-710), Tariquidar (XR-9576), XR-9051, S-9788, LY-335979, MS 209, R101933; OC-144-093; Quinidine, Chloripramine, Nicardipine, Nifedipine, Amlodipine, Felodipine, Manidipine, Flunarizine, Nimodipine, Pimozide, Lomerizine, Bepridil, Amiloride, Almitrine, Amiodarone, Imipramine, Clomiphen, Tamoxifen, 20 Toremifene, Ketocanazole, Terfenadine, Chloroquine, Mepacrin, Diltiazem, Niguldipine, Prenylamine, Gallopamil, Tiapamil, Dex-Verapamil, Dipyridamole, Pimozide, Haloperidol, Chlorpromazine, Trifluoperazine, Fluphenazine, Reserpin, Clopenthixol, Flupentixol, N-acetyldaunorubicin, Vindoline, N2762-14, N276-14, N276-17, 25 B9309-068, BIBW-22, Carvedilol, Clofazimine, Ketoconazole, Lovastatin, N-Norgallopamil, Simvastatin, Troleandomycin, Vinblastin, Itraconazole, Econazole, Oligomycine, Cyclosporin and Rapamycin; and/or

30 (b) an inhibitor of a member of the ABCA subfamily selected from Glyburide, DIDS (4,4-diisothiocyanatostilbene-2,2-disulfonic acid),

Bumetanide, Furosemide, Sulfobromophthalein, Diphenylamine-2-carboxylic acid and Flufenamic acid; and/or

(c) an inhibitor of a member of the human ABC-C (MRP)-subfamily selected from MK-571, Benzbromaron, PAK-104P, Probenecid, Sulfipyrazone, Indomethacin, Merthiolate and Ethacrynic acid; and/or

(d) {an} antibody(ies) or functional fragments thereof which is(are) specifically recognizing one or more ABC-transporter(s) capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer; and/or

(e) {an} antisense oligomere(s), iRNA and/or siRNA directed against one or more ABC-transporter(s) capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer; and/or

(f) {an} aptamer(s) directed against one or more ABC-transporter(s) capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer.

34. (currently amended) The method of ~~any one of claims 13 to 33~~ further comprising a step of refining the compound identified, said method comprising the steps of:

(a) identification of the binding sites of the compound and the ABC-transporter(s);

(b) molecular modelling of the binding site of the compound; and

(c) modification of the compound to improve its binding specificity for the ABC-transporter(s).

35. (currently amended) The method of ~~any one of claims 13 to 34~~, further comprising the step of formulating the compound identified, refined or modified with at least one of a pharmaceutically active carrier and/or a diluent.

36. (currently amended) A method for manufacturing a pharmaceutical composition comprising the steps of ~~any one of claims 13 to 35~~ and the step of formulating the compound screened in a pharmaceutically acceptable form.

37. (currently amended) A method of preventing, ameliorating and/or treating the symptoms of a disease which is associated with an excess transport of hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer, e.g. arthritis in a subject comprising administering at least one inhibitor of at least one ABC-transporter capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer to the subject, preferably an mammalian subject, such that the a disease which is associated with an excess transport of hyaluronan across a lipid bilayer, ~~e.g. arthritis is prevented, ameliorated and/or treated.~~
38. (original) The method of claim 37, wherein said arthritis is characterized by at least one of degeneration and/or a destruction of cartilage.
39. (currently amended) The method of claim 37 ~~or 38~~, wherein said arthritis is selected from the group consisting of osteoarthritis, (juvenile) chronic arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, psoriatic arthritis, *A. mutilans*, septic arthritis, infectious arthritis and/or reactive arthritis.
40. (original) The method of claim 39 wherein said arthritis is osteoarthritis.
41. (currently amended) The method of ~~any one of claims 37 to 39~~, wherein said mammalian subject is selected from the group consisting of a human, a horse, a camel, a dog, a cat, a pig, a cow ~~or~~ and a goat.
42. (currently amended) The ~~use method of any one of claims 1 to 12 or the method of any one of claims 13 to 41~~, wherein said ABC-transporter is selected from the group consisting of MRP5 (ABCC5), ABCC11 and/or ABCC12.
43. (currently amended) A method of treating osteoarthritis comprising administering a pharmaceutical composition comprising ~~Use of an inhibitor~~ of at least one ABC-transporter capable of transporting hyaluronan across a lipid-bilayer, wherein said at least one ABC-transporter is selected from the group consisting of MRP5 (ABCC5), ABCC11 and/or ABCC12, ~~for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of osteoarthritis.~~

44. (currently amended) The ~~use~~method of claim 43, wherein said at least one ABC-transporter is MRP5 (ABCC5).
45. (currently amended) A method of treating arthritis comprising administering a pharmaceutical composition comprising~~Use of Zaprinast® for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of arthritis, preferably rheumatoid arthritis or osteoarthritis.~~
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46. (currently amended) A method of treating osteoarthritis comprising administering a pharmaceutical composition comprising~~Use of Elacridar (GF-120918), Valspodar (PSC-833), Bericodar (VX-710), Tariquidar (XR-9576), S-9788, Ly-335979, OC-144-093 and/or Lysodren® for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of osteoarthritis.~~
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47. (new) The method of claim 14 comprising screening for a compound which specifically reduces the transport of hyaluronan mediated by said ABC-transporter.
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48. (new) The method of claim 15 comprising screening for a compound which specifically reduces the transport of hyaluronan mediated by said ABC-transporter.
49. (new) The method of claim 16 comprising screening for a compound which specifically reduces the transport of hyaluronan mediated by said ABC-transporter.
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50. (new) The method of claim 16, wherein the cell is a bacterial, an insect, a fungal or an animal cell.
51. (new) The method of claim 14, further comprising the step of formulating the compound identified, refined or modified with at least one of a pharmaceutically active carrier and a diluent.
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52. (new) The method of claim 15, further comprising the step of formulating the compound identified, refined or modified with at least one of a pharmaceutically active carrier and a diluent.

53. (new) The method of claim 16, further comprising the step of formulating the compound identified, refined or modified with at least one of a pharmaceutically active carrier and a diluent.
54. (new) The method of claim 45 wherein said arthritis is selected from
5 rheumatoid arthritis and osteoarthritis.
55. (new) The method of claim 16 which is *ex vivo*.
56. (new) The method of claim 13, wherein said ABC-transporter is selected from the group consisting of MRP5 (ABCC5), ABCC11 and ABCC12.
57. (new) The method of claim 14, wherein said ABC-transporter is selected
10 from the group consisting of MRP5 (ABCC5), ABCC11 and ABCC12.
58. (new) The method of claim 15, wherein said ABC-transporter is selected from the group consisting of MRP5 (ABCC5), ABCC11 and ABCC12.
59. (new) The method of claim 16, wherein said ABC-transporter is selected from the group consisting of MRP5 (ABCC5), ABCC11 and ABCC12.
- 15 60. (new) The method of claim 28, wherein said ABC-transporter is selected from the group consisting of MRP5 (ABCC5), ABCC11 and ABCC12.
61. (new) The method of claim 37, wherein said ABC-transporter is selected from the group consisting of MRP5 (ABCC5), ABCC11 and ABCC12.
62. (new) The method of claim 14 further comprising a step of refining the
20 compound identified, said method comprising the steps of:
- (a) identification of the binding sites of the compound and the ABC-transporter;
 - (b) molecular modelling of the binding site of the compound; and
 - (c) modification of the compound to improve its binding specificity for
25 the ABC-transporter.
63. (new) The method of claim 15 further comprising a step of refining the compound identified, said method comprising the steps of:

- (a) identification of the binding sites of the compound and the ABC-transporter;
- (b) molecular modelling of the binding site of the compound; and
- (c) modification of the compound to improve its binding specificity for the ABC-transporter.
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64. (new) The method of claim 16 further comprising a step of refining the compound identified, said method comprising the steps of:
- (a) identification of the binding sites of the compound and the ABC-transporter;
- 10 (b) molecular modelling of the binding site of the compound; and
- (c) modification of the compound to improve its binding specificity for the ABC-transporter.
65. (new) The method of claim 128 further comprising a step of refining the compound identified, said method comprising the steps of:
- 15 (a) identification of the binding sites of the compound and the ABC-transporter;
- (b) molecular modelling of the binding site of the compound; and
- (c) modification of the compound to improve its binding specificity for the ABC-transporter.
- 20 66. (new) A method for manufacturing a pharmaceutical composition comprising the steps of claims 14 and the step of formulating the compound screened in a pharmaceutically acceptable form.
67. (new) A method for manufacturing a pharmaceutical composition comprising the steps of claims 15 and the step of formulating the compound screened in a pharmaceutically acceptable form.
- 25 68. (new) A method for manufacturing a pharmaceutical composition comprising the steps of claims 16 and the step of formulating the compound screened in a pharmaceutically acceptable form.

69. (new) A method for manufacturing a pharmaceutical composition comprising the steps of claims 28 and the step of formulating the compound screened in a pharmaceutically acceptable form.